



## REPORTABLE COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

Under the Ontario *Health Protection and Promotion Act*, Ontario Regulations 559/91, Health care practitioners, hospital administrators, laboratory operators, superintendents of institutions, school principals and child care facilities must report to the local Medical Officer of Health (MOH) any person who, in his or her opinion, is or may be infected with an agent of one of the communicable diseases listed below. Your co-operation in reporting will help to ensure prompt and complete follow-up of cases. Please report according to the schedule outlined below.

### COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CONTACT:

**Phone:** (613) 735-8653 or 1-800-267-1097    **Fax:** (613) 735-3067  
**AFTER HOURS CALL:** (613) 735-9926

**\*Note:** Diseases marked with “\*” should be reported immediately to the MOH by phone. Other diseases are to be reported by the next working day.

Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS) Acute Flaccid Paralysis (AFP) Adverse Events Following Immunizations (AEFIs) Amebiasis <b>*Anthrax</b> <b>*Botulism</b> <b>*Brucellosis</b> Campylobacter Enteritis Chancroid Chickenpox (Varicella) Chlamydia Trachomatis <b>*Cholera</b> <b>*Clostridium Difficile Infection (CDI) outbreaks in public hospitals</b> Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease, all types <b>*Cryptosporidiosis</b> <b>*Cyclosporiasis</b> <b>*Diphtheria</b> <b>*E.coli</b> (see Verotoxin-producing E.coli) <b>*Encephalitis, including,</b> i. <b>*Primary, viral including West Nile Virus</b> ii. Post-infectious iii. Vaccine-related iv. Subacute sclerosing panencephalitis v. Unspecified <b>*Food Poisoning, all causes</b> <b>*Gastroenteritis, institutional outbreaks</b> <b>*Giardiasis, except asymptomatic cases</b> Gonorrhoea <b>*Group A Streptococcal Disease, invasive (IGAS)</b> Group B Streptococcal Disease, neonatal	<b>*Haemophilus Influenzae B Disease, invasive</b> <b>*Hantavirus Pulmonary Syndrome</b> <b>*Hemorrhagic Fevers, including,</b> i. <b>*Ebola Virus Disease</b> ii. <b>*Marburg Virus Disease</b> iii. <b>*Other viral causes</b> <b>*Hepatitis A</b> Hepatitis B Hepatitis C Influenza <b>*Lassa Fever</b> <b>*Legionellosis</b> Leprosy <b>*Listeriosis</b> Lyme Disease Malaria <b>*Measles</b> <b>*Meningitis, acute,</b> i. <b>*Bacterial</b> ii. <b>*Viral</b> iii. Other <b>*Meningococcal Disease, invasive</b> <b>*Mumps</b> Ophthalmia Neonatorum <b>*Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning (PSP)</b> <b>*Paratyphoid Fever</b> <b>*Pertussis (Whooping Cough)</b> <b>*Plague</b> Pneumococcal Disease, invasive	<b>*Poliomyelitis, acute</b> Psittacosis/Ornithosis <b>*Q Fever</b> <b>*Rabies</b> <b>*Respiratory Infection outbreaks in institutions</b> <b>*Rubella</b> <b>*Rubella, congenital syndrome</b> Salmonellosis <b>*Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS)</b> <b>*Shigellosis</b> <b>*Smallpox</b> Syphilis Tetanus Trichinosis Tuberculosis i. Active Disease ii. Latent Infection (LTBI) <b>*Tularemia</b> <b>*Typhoid Fever</b> <b>*Verotoxin-producing E. coli infection indicator conditions, including Haemolytic Uraemic Syndrome (HUS)</b> <b>*West Nile Virus Illness</b> <b>*Yellow Fever</b> Yersiniosis
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